

OFFICIAL & GAZETTE

GOVERNMENT OF

GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Department of Personnel

Notification

1/4/81-PER

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the Governor of Goa hereby makes the following rules relating to recruitment to the Goa General Service, Group 'A' Gazetted post in Goa Dental College & Hospital, Bambolim, Government of Goa, namely:-

- 1. Short title, application and commencement. —
- (1) These rules may be called the Government of Goa, Goa Dental College & Hospital, Bambolim Group 'A' Gazetted post, Recruitment Rules, 1990.
- (2) Application: These rules shall apply to the posts specified in Column 1 of the Schedule to these rules (hereinafter called as the "said Schedule").
- (3) They shall come into force from the date of publication in the Official Gazette.
- 2. Number, classification and scales of pay. The number of posts, classification of the said posts and the scales of pay attached thereto shall be as specified in Columns 2 to 4 of the said Schedule:

Provided that the Government may vary the number of posts in Column 2 of the said Schedule from time to time subject to exigencies of work.

3. Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications. - The method of recruitment to the said posts, age limit, qualifications and other matters connected therewith shall be as specified in Columns 5 to 13 of the said Schedule.

4. Disqualification. — No person who has entered into or contracted a marriage with a person having a spouse living or who, having a spouse living, has entered into or contracted a marriage with any person, shall be eligible for appointment to the service:

Provided that the Government may if satisfied that such marriage is permissible under the personal Law applicable to such person and the other party to the marriage and that there are other grounds for so doing, exempt any person from the operation of this rule.

- 5. Power to relax. Where the Government is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may, by order, for reasons to be recorded in writing and in consultation with the Goa Public Service Commission relax any of the provisions of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons.
- 6. Saving. Nothing in these rules shall affect reservation, relaxation of age limit and other concessions required to be provided for Scheduled Castes, and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders issued by Government from time to time in that regard.
- 7. These rules are issued in consultation with the Goa Public Service Commission vide their letter No. COM/II/13/14 (1)/89 dated 11-7-1990.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

Smt. Prabha Chandran, Under Secretary (Personnel).

Panaji, 28th August, 1990.

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SCHEDULE														
Name of the post	No. of posts	Classifi- cation	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non- selection post	Age limit for direct	Whether the benefit of added years of service is admissible under Rule 30 of CCS (Pension) Rules 1972	q	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits	Whether age & Educational Qualifica- tions prescribeed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Period of pro- bation if any	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by deputation/transfer and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	promotion/de- putation/ /transfer, grades from which promo-	If a D. P. C. exists, what is its con- position	Circumstances in which Gos Public Service Commission is to be consulted in making recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	6(a)		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Dean, Goa Dental College and Hos- pital	One	Goa General Service, Group 'A' Gazetted	Rs. 45001505700 + Spe- cial Pay of Rs. 300/- per month Plus Nonpracti- cing al- lowance as fixed by Go- vern- ment	Selection .	not exceeding 50 years (Relaxable for Govt. servants up-to 5 years in accordance with the instructions or orders issued by the Govt.)	i	ii) iii) iii)	Essential: A qualification included in Part I or Part II of the Schedule to the Dentists Act 1948 (16 of 1948). Post-Graduate qualification in Dentistry i.e. M.D.S. from a recognised Institution or equivalent. Should be registered with Dental Council. 5 years of teaching experience as Professor in recognised Dental College / Medical College with Dental Wing/Dental Institution. Should have 5 years teaching experience after post graduation. Desirable: Training in administration/management of Dental College. Experience in Post-Graduate teaching/	applic- able. Educa- tional Qualifi-	Two years	Promotion failing which by transfer on deputation, failing both by direct recruitment.	i) Professors of Goa Dental College with 5 years regular service in the grade. Transfer on deputation: Officers of the State/Central Govt. and Union Territory Administration. a) (i) holding analogous posts on regular basis. OR (ii) with 5 years regular service in the post of Professor in the scale of Rs. 4500-150-5700. b) possessing educational qualifications	Member GPSC — Chairman 2) Chief Secretary or his nominee—Member	As required under the Goa Public Service Commission (Exemption from consultation) Regulation, 1988. Consultation with the Goa Public Service Commission necessary while making direct recruitment, promotion, selecting an officer for appointment on deputation and amending/relaxing any of the provisions of these

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Department of Labour

Notification

25/2/88-LAB

The following draft amendment which is proposed to the Goa, Daman and Diu Shops and Establishments Rules, 1975 is hereby pre-published as required by sub-section (3) of section 59 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Shops and Establishments Act, 1973 (Act 13 of 1974), for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft amendment will be taken into consideration by the Government on or after the expiry of a period of 45 days from the date of publication of this Notification in the Official Gazette.

All objections and suggestions to the said draft amendment may be forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of Goa, Department of Labour, Secretariat, Panaji, before the expiry of 45 days from the date of publication of this Notification in the Official Gazette.

DRAFT AMENDMENT

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 59 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Shops and Establishments Act, 1973 (Act 13 of 1974), the Government of Goa hereby makes the following rules so as to amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Shops and Establishments Rules, 1975, namely:—

- 1. Short title and commencement. (1) These rules may be called the Goa Shops and Establishments (Amendment) Rules, 1990.
 - (2) They shall come into force at once.
- 2. Amendment of Schedule. In the Goa, Daman and Diu Shops and Establishments Rules, 1975,
 - (i) for Schedule A, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely:—

"SCHEDULE A

(See rule 5)

The statement in Form I shall be sent to the Inspector together with the fees prescribed in this Schedule: -

Sr. No.	Categories of the Establishments	Registration Fees
	Shop/Establishment employing no persons	Rs. 20/-
	Shop/Establishment employing 5 or less than 5 persons	Rs. 40 /-
	Shop/Establishment employing more than 5 but less than 10 persons	
	Shop/Establishment employing 10 and above but less than 20 persons.	Rs. 300/-
]	Hotels, Restaurant, Residential Hotels, Theatres or other places of public amusement or entertainment or Shop/Establishment employing 20 or more persons	77

ing this appointment in the same or so me other organisation / department of the State Govt, shall not exceed three vears)

(ii) for Schedule B, the following schedule shall be substituted, namely:—

"SCHEDULE B

(See rule 8)

The notice of change in Form VI shall be sent to the Inspector together with the fees prescribed as below:

Sr. N	o. Categories of Establishments	Categories of Establishments							
1.	Shop/Establishment employing or more persons	20	Rs. 25/-						
2.	Other Shops/Establishments		Rs. 10/-"						

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa. $\,$

Subhash V. Elekar, Under Secretary (Labour).

· Panaji, 19th November, 1990.

Law (Legal and Legislative Affairs) Department

Notification

10-3-88/LA

The All India Council for Technical Education Act, 1987 (Act No. 52 of 1987) which was passed by Parliament and assented to by the President of India on 23rd December, 1987, and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 28th December, 1987, is hereby republished for general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 22nd March, 1988

THE ALL INDIA COUNCIL FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION ACT, 1987

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

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- 2. Definitions.

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Establishment of the Council

- 3. Establishment of the Council.
- 4. Term of office of members.

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- 5. Meetings of the Council.
- 6. Vacancies, etc., not to invalidate proceedings of the Council.
- 7. Temporary association of persons with the Council for particular purposes.
- 8. Appointment of officers and other employees of the Council.
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The All India Council for Technical Education Act, 1987

AN

ACT

to provide for the establishment of an All India Council for Technical Education with a view to the proper planning and co-ordinated development of the technical education system throughout the country, the promotion of qualitative improvement of such education in relation to planned quantative growth and the regulation and proper maintenance of norms and standards in the technical education system and for matters connected therewith.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

- 1. Short title and commencement.— (1) This Act may be called the All India Council for Technical Education Act, 1987.
- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazetté, appoint.
- 2. Definitions. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,
 - (a) "Commission" means the University Grants Commission established under section 4 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956:

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- (b) "Council" means the All India Council for Technical Education established under section 3:
- (c) "Fund" means the Fund of the Council constituted under section 16;

- (d) "member" means a member of the Council and the includes Chairman and Vice-Chairman;
- (e) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (f) "regulations" means regulations made under this Act:
- (g) "technical education" means programmes of education, research and training in engineering technology, architecture, town planning, management, pharmacy and applied arts and crafts and such other programme or areas as the Central Government may, in consultation with the Council by notification in the Official Gazette, declare;
- (h) "technical institution" means an institution, not being a University, which offers courses or programmes of technical education, and shall include such other institutions as the Central Government may, in consultation with the Council, by notification in the Official Gazette, declare as technical institutions;
- (i) "University" means a University defined under clause (f) of section 2 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 and includes an institution deemed to be a University under section 3 of that Act.

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CHAPTER II

Establishment of the Council

- 3. Establishment of the Council.— (1) With effect from such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, there shall be established a Council by the name of the All India Council for Technical Education.
- (2) The Council shall be a body corporate by the name aforesaid, having perpetual succession and a common seal, with power to contract and shall by the said name sue and be sued.
- (3) The head office of the Council shall be at Delhi and the Council may, with the previous approval of the Central Government, establish offices at other places in India.
- (4) The Council shall consist of the following members, namely:—
 - (a) a Chairman to be appointed by the Central Government;
 - (b) a Vice-Chairman to be appointed by the Central Government;
 - (c) the Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of the Central Government dealing with education, ex officio;
 - (d) the Educational Adviser (General) to the Government of India, ex officio;
 - (e) the Chairmen of the four Regional Committees, ex officio;
 - (f) the Chairmen of, —
 - (i) the All India, Board of Vocational Education, ex officio;
 - (ii) the All India Board of Technician Education, ex officio;

- (iii) the All India Board of Under-graduate Studies in Engineering and Technology, ex officio;
- (iv) the All India Board of Post-graduate Education and Research in Engineering and Technology, ex officio;
- (v) the All India Board of Management Studies, ex-officio;
- (g) one member to be appointed by the Central Government to represent the Ministry of Finance of the Central Government:
- (h) one member to be appointed by the Central Government to represent the Ministry of Science and Technology of the Central Government;
- (i) four members to be appointed by the Central Government by rotation to represent the Ministries and the Departments of the Central Government, other than those specified in clauses (g) and (h);
- (j) two members of Parliament of whom one shall be elected by the House of the People and one by the Council of States;
- (k) eight members to be appointed by the Central Government by rotation in the alphabetical order to represent the States and the Union territories:

Provided that an appointment under this clause shall be made on the recommendation of the Government of the State, or as the case may be, the Union territory concerned;

- (1) four members to be appointed by the Central Government to represent the organisations in the field of industry and commerce;
- (m) seven members to be appointed by the Central Government to represent—
 - (i) the Central Advisory Board of Education;
 - (ii) the Association of Indian Universities;
 - (iii) the Indian Society for Technical Education:
 - (iv) the Council of the Indian Institutes of Technology;
 - (v) the Pharmacy Council of India;
 - (vi) the Council of Architecture;
 - (vii) the National Productivity Council;
- (n) four members to be appointed by the Central Government to represent the professional bodies in the field of technical and management education;
- (c) not more than two members to be appointed by the Central Government to represent such interests not covered by the foregoing clauses as the Central Government may deem fit;
- (p) the Chairman, University Grants Commission, ex officio;
- (q) the Director, Institute of Applied Manpower Research, New Delhi, ex officio;
- (r) the Director-General, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, ex officio;

- (s) the Director-General, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, ex officio;
- (t) Member-Secretary to be appointed by the Central Government.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (4),—
- (a) the first Chairman shall be the Minister of Human Resource Development of the Central Government:
 - (b) the first Vice-Chairman of the Council shall be the Minister of State for Education of the Central Government;
 - (c) the first Member-Secretary of the Council shall be the Educational Adviser (Technical) of the Central Government.
- 4. Term of office of members. (1) The term of office of a member, other than an ex officio member, on the first constitution of the Council shall be five years and thereafter three years.
- (2) If a casual vacancy occurs in the office of the Chairman, whether by reason of his death, resignation or inability to discharge his functions owing to illness or other incapacity, the Vice-Chairman holding office as such for the time being shall act as the Chairman and shall, unless, any other person is appointed earlier as the Chairman, hold office of the Chairman for the remainder of the term of office of the person in whose place he is to so act.
- (3) If a casual vacancy occurs in the office of the Vice-Chairman or any other member, whether by reason of his death, resignation or inability to discharge his functions owing to illness or other incapacity, such vacancy shall be filled by the Central Government by making a fresh appointment and the member so appointed shall hold office for the remainder of the term of office of the person in whose place he is so appointed.
- (4) The Vice-Chairman shall perform such functions as may be assigned to him by the Chairman from time to time.
- (5) The procedure to be followed by the members in the discharge of their functions shall be such as may be prescribed.
- 5. Meetings of the Council.— (1) The Council shall meet at such time and places and shall observe such rules of procedure in regard to the transaction of business at its meetings (including the quorum at such meetings) as may be provided by regulations:

Provided that the Council shall meet at least once every year.

- (2) The Chairman and in his absence the Vice-Chairman shall preside at the meetings of the Council.
- (3) If for any reason the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman is unable to attend any meeting of the Council any other member chosen by the members present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting;
- (4) All questions which come up before any meeting of the Council shall be decided by a majority of

the votes of the members present and voting, and, in the event of an equality of votes, the Chairman, or in his absence, the person presiding, shall have and exercise a second or casting vote.

- 6. Vacancies, etc., not to invalidate proceeding of the Council. No act or proceeding of the Council shall be invalid merely by reason of
 - (a) any vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, the Council; or
 - (b) any defect in the appointment of a person acting as a member of the Council; or
 - (c) any irregularity in the procedure of the Council not affecting the merits of the case.
- 7. Temporary association of persons with the Council for particular purposes. (1) The Council may associate with itself, in such manner and for such purposes as may be determined by regulations, any person whose assistance or advice it may desire in carrying out any of the provisions of this Act.
- (2) A person associated with it by the Council under sub-section (1) for any purpose shall have a right to take part in the discussion relevant to that purpose, but shall not have a right to vote at a meeting of the Council, and shall not be a member for any other purpose.
- 8. Appointment of officers and other employees of the Council.— (1) For the purpose of enabling it efficiently to discharge its functions under this Act, the Council shall, subject to such regulations as may be made in this behalf, appoint (whether on deputation or otherwise) such number of officers and other employees as it may consider necessary:

Provided that the appointment of such category of officers, as may be specified in such regulations, shall be subject to the approval of the Central Government.

- (2) Every officer or other employee appointed by the Council shall be subject to such conditions of service and shall be entitled to such remuneration as may be determined by regulations.
- 9. Authentication of orders and other instruments of the Council. — All orders and decisions of the Council shall be authenticated by the signature of the Chairman or any other member authorised by the Council in this behalf, and all other instruments issued by the Council shall be authenticated by the signature of the Member-Secretary or any other officer of the Council authorised in like manner in this behalf.

CHAPTER III

Powers and functions of the Council

- 10. Functions of the Council.—It shall be the duty of the Council to take all such steps as it may think fit for ensuring coordinated and integrated development of technical education and maintenance of standards and for the purposes of performing its functions under this Act, the Council may—
 - (a) undertake survey in the various fields of technical education, collect data on all related matters and make forecast of the needed growth and development in technical education;

- (b) coordinate the development of technical education in the country at all levels;
- (c) allocate and disburse out of the Fund of the Council such grants, on such terms and conditions as it may think fit to --
 - (i) technical institutions, and
 - (ii) Universities imparting technical education in coordination with the Commission;
- (d) promote innovations, research and development in established and new technologies, generation, adoption and adaptation of new technologies to meet developmental requirements and for overall improvement of educational processes;
- (e) formulate schemes for promoting technical education for women, handicapped and weaker sections of the society;
- (f) promote an effective link between technical eduaction system and other relevant systems including research and development organisations, industry and the community;
- (g) evolve suitable performance appraisal systems for technical institutions and Universities imparting technical education, incorporating norms and mechanisms for enforcing accountability;
- (h) formulate schemes for the initial and in service training of teachers and identify institutions or centres and set up new centres for offering staff development programmes including continuing education of teachers;
- (i) lay down norms and standards for courses, curricula, physical and instructional facilities, staff pattern, staff qualifications, quality instructions, assessment and examinations;
- (j) fix norms and guidelines for charging tuition and other fees;
- (k) grant approval for starting new technical institutions and for introduction of new courses or programmes in consultation with the agencies concerned;
- (1) advise the Central Government in respect of grant of charter to any professional body or institution in the field of technical education conferring powers, rights and privileges on it for the promotion of such profession in its field including conduct of examinations and awarding of membership certificates.
- (m) lay down norms for granting autonomy to technical institutions;
- (n) take all necessary steps to prevent commercialisation of technical education;
- (o) provide guidelines for admission of students to technical institutions and Universities imparting technical education;
- (p) inspect or cause to inspect any technical institution :
- (q) withhold or discontinue grants in respect of courses, programmes to such technical institutions which fail to comply with the directions given by the Council within the stipulated period of

- time and take such other steps as may be necessary for ensuring compliance of the directions of the Council;
- (r) take steps to strengthen the existing organisations, and to set up new organisations to ensure effective discharge of the Council's responsibilities and to create positions of professional, technical and supporting staff based on requirements;
- (s) declare technical institutions at various levels and types offering courses in technical education fit to receive grants;
- (t) advise the Commission for declaring any institution imparting technical education as a deemed University;
- (u) set up a National Board of Accreditation to periodically conduct evaluation of technical institutions or programmes on the basis of guidelines, norms and standards specified by it and to make recommendation to it, or to the Council, or to the Commission or to other bodies, regarding recognition or de-recognition of the institution or the programme;
- (v) perform such other functions as may be prescribed.
- 11. Inspection. (1) For the purposes of ascertaing the financial needs of technical institution or a University or its standards of teaching, examination and research, the Council may cause an inspection of any department or departments of such technical institution or University to be made in such manner as may be prescribed and by such person or persons as it may direct.
- (2) The Council shall communicate to the technical institution or University the date on which any inspection under sub-section (1) is to be made and the technical institution or University shall be entitled to be associated with the inspection in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (3) The Council shall communicate to the technical institution or the University, its views in regard to the results of any such inspection and may, after ascertaining the opinion of that technical institution or University, recommend to that institution or University the action to be taken as a result of such inspection.
- (4) All communications to a technical institution or University under this section shall be made to the executive authority thereof and the executive authority of the technical institution or University shall report to the Council the action, if any, which is proposed to be taken for the purposes of implementing any such recommendation as is referred to in sub-section (3).

CHAPTER IV

Bodies of the Council

- 12. Executive Committee of the Council. (1) The Council shall constitute a Committee, called the Executive Committee for discharging such functions as may be assigned to it by the Council.
- (2) The executive Committee shall consist of the following members, namely:—
 - (a) the Chairman of the Council:

- (b) the Vice-Chairman of the Council;
- (c) Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of the Central Government dealing with Education, ex officio:
 - (d) two Chairmen of the Regional Committees;
 - (e) three Chairmen of the Boards of Studies;
- (f) a member of the Council representing the Ministry of Finance of the Central Government, ex officio;
- (g) four out of eight members of the Council representing the States and Union territories under clause (k) of sub-section (4) of section 3;
- (h) four members with expertise and distinction in areas relevant to technical education to be nominated by the Chairman of the Council;
- (i) the Chairman of the University Grants Commission, ex officio,
- (j) the Director, Institute of Applied Manpower Research, New Delhi, ex officio;
- (k) the Director General, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, ex officio;
 - (1) the Member-Secretary of the Council.
- (3) The Chairman and the Member-Secretary of the Council shall, respectively, function as the Chairman and the Member-Secretary of the Executive Committee.
- (4) The Chairman or in his absence, the Vice-Chairman of the Council shall preside at the meetings of the Executive Committee and in the absence of both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman, any other member chosen by the members present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.
- (5) The Executive Committee shall meet at such time and places, and shall observe such rules of procedure in regard to the transaction of business at its meetings (including the quorum at such meetings) as the Council may provide by regulations.
- 13. Boards of Studies. -- (1) The Council shall establish the following Boards of Studies, namely:—
 - (i) All India Board of Vocational Education;
 - (ii) All India Board of Technician Education:
 - (iii) All India Board of Under-graduate Studies in Engineering and Technology;
 - (iv) All India Board of Post-graduate Education and Research in Engineering and Technology:
 - (v) All India Board of Management Studies.
- (2) The Council may, if it considers necessary, establish such other Boards of Studies as it may think fit.
- (3) Every Board of Studies shall advise the Executive Committee on academic matters falling in its area of concern including norms, standards, model curricula, model facilities and structure of courses.
- (4) The area of concern, powers, the constitution and functions of the Boards of Studies shall be such as the Council may provide by regulations.

- 14. Regional Committees. (1) The Council shall establish the following Regional Committees, namely:—
 - (i) The Northern Regional Committee with its office at Kanpur;
 - (ii) The Southern Regional Committee with its office at Madras:
 - (iii) The Western Regional Committee with its office at Bombay;
 - (iv) The Eastern Regional Committee with its office at Calcutta.
- (2) The Council may, if it considers necessary, establish such other Regional Committees as it may think fit
- (3) The Regional Committee shall advise and assist the Council to look into all aspects of planning, promoting and regulating technical education within the region.
- (4) The region for which the Regional Committees may be established and the constitution and functions of such Committees shall be prescribed by regulations.

CHAPTER V

Finance, Accounts and Audit

- 15. Payment to the Council. The Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament by law in this behalf, pay to the Council in each financial year such sums as may be considered necessary for the performance of functions of the Council under this Act.
- 16. Fund of the Council.— (1) The Council shall have its own Fund; and all sums which may, from time to time, be paid to it by the Central Government and all the receipts of the Council (including any sum which any State Government or any other authority or person may hand over to the Council) shall be credited to the Fund and all payments by the Council shall be made therefrom.
- (2) All moneys belonging to the Fund shall be deposited in such banks or invested in such manner as may, subject the approval of the Central Government, be decided by the Council.
- (3) The Council may spend such sums as it thinks fit for performing its functions under this Act, and such sums shall be treated as expenditure payable out of the Fund of the Council.
- 17. Budget.—The Council shall prepare, in such form and at such time each year as may be prescribed, a budget in respect of the financial year next ensuing showing the estimated receipts and expenditure, and copies thereof shall be forwarded to the Central Government.
- 18. Annual report.—The Council shall prepare once every year, in such form and at such time as may be prescribed, an annual report giving a true and full account of its activities during the previous year, and copies thereof shall be forwarded to the Central Government and that Government shall cause the same to be laid before both Houses of Parliament.

- 19. Accounts and audit.— (1) The Council shall cause to be maintained such books of accounts and other books in relation to its accounts in such form and in such manner as may, in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India, be prescribed.
- (2) The Council shall, as soon as may be, after closing its annual accounts prepare a statement of accounts in such form, and forward the same to the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India by such date, as the Central Government may, in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor-General, determine.
- (3) The accounts of the Council shall be audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India at such times and in such manner as he thinks fit.
- (4) The accounts of the Council as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or any other person appointed by him in this behalf together with the audit report thereon shall be forwarded annually to the Central Government and that Government shall cause the same to be laid before both Houses of Parliament.

CHAPTER VI

Miscellaneous

- 20. Directions by the Central Government. (1) The Council shall, in the discharge of its functions and duties under this Act, be bound by such directions on questions of policy as the Central Government may give in writing to it from time to time.
- (2) The decision of the Central Government as to whether a question is one of policy or not shall be final.
- 21. Power to supersede the Council.— (1) If the Central Government is of the opinion that the Council is unable to perform, or has persistently made default in the performance of, the duty imposed on it by or under this Act or has exceeded or abused its powers, or has wilfully or without sufficient cause, failed to comply with any direction issued by the Central Government under section 20, the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, supersede the Council for such period as may be specified in the notification:

Provided that before issuing a notification under this sub-section, the Central Government shall give a reasonable time to the Council to show cause why it should not be superseded and shall consider the explanation and objections, if any, of the Council.

- (2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) superseding the Council,—
 - (a) all the members of the Council shall, notwithstanding that their term of office had not expired, as from the date of supersession, vacate their offices as such members;
 - (b) all the powers and duties which may, by or under the provisions of this Act, be exercised or performed by or on behalf of the Council shall, during the period of supersession, be exercised and performed by such person or persons as the Central Government may direct;

- (c) all property vested in the Council shall, during the period of supersession, vest in the Central Government:
- (3) On the expiration of the period of supersession specified in the notification issued under sub-section (1), the Central Government may—
 - (a) extend the period of supersession for such further period as it may consider necessary; or
 - (b) reconstitute the Council in the manner provided in section 3.
- 22. Power to make rules.— (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (a) the procedure to be followed by the members in the discharge of their functions;
 - (b) the inspection of technical institutions and Universities;
 - (c) the form and manner in which the budget and reports are to be prepared by the Council;
 - (d) the manner in which the accounts of the Council are to be maintained; and
 - (e) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed.
- 23. Power to make regulations.— (1) The Council may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, and the rules generally to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (a) regulating the meetings of the Council and the procedure for conducting business thereat;
 - (b) the terms and conditions of service of the officers and employees of the Council;
 - (c) regulating the meetings of the Executive Committee and the procedure for conducting business thereat;
 - (d) the area of concern, the constitution, and powers and functions of the Board of Studies;
 - (e) the region for which the Regional Committee be established and the constitution and functions of such Committee.
- 24. Rules and regulations to be laid before Parliament.—Every rule and every regulation made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the sesison immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or regulation or

both Houses agree that the rule or regulation shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation.

25. Power to remove difficulties. — (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, by order, published in the Official Gazette, make such pro-

visions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as may appear to be necessary for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no order shall be made under this section after the expiry of two years from the commencement of this Act.

(2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made before each House of Parliament.

Notification

10-6-90/LA

The following Notification received from the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 7th June, 1990.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

Notification

New Delhi, the 28th March, 1990

- G.S.R. 404(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 44 of the Arms Act, 1959 (54 of 1959), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Arms Rules, 1962 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), namely:—
 - 1. (1) These rules may be called the Arms (Amendment) Rules, 1990.
 - (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
 - 2. In the said rules, --
 - (i) in Schedule II, for item number 3 and the entries thereto the following item and entries shall be substituted namely:—

Item No.	Purpose	Categories of arms/ ammuni- tion as defined in Schedule-I.	Place/ Class of persons	Licensing Authority	Area for which licence can be granted	Renewing Authority	Form No.	Conditions	
1	2	3	4 ·	5	6	7	8	9	
"3.	Acquisition/ possession/ carrying and use for pro- tection/ sport/target practice/ display	(a) Ib, I(c)	Whole of India	Central Govern- ment in the Minis- try of Home Affairs.	Whole of India or any specified part thereof.	State Govern- ment.	111		
•		(b) I(d), III, V, VI	(i) Dis-	District Magistrate.	Throughout the district or his area of jurisdiction or any specified part of his jurisdiction.	District Magistrate.	ΠΙ/IV		
	,		(ii) State	District Magistrate.	Whole of the State or any specified part thereof.	District Magistrate.	III/IV		
			(iii) Whole of India	State Government	Whole of India or any specified part thereof.	District Magistrate.	HI/IV	NOTE: In case of target practice, premises for target practice to be specified in licence on Form IV	

L	2		4	5	6	7	8	9
	-	(e) III		Ambassador of ndia in Nepal		Same as licensing authority or any other authority empowered to grant a licence of the description.		
			(b) In case of persons residing in Bhutan.	Ambassador of India in Bhutan	India or any specified part thereof.	Same as licensing authority or any other authority empowered to grant a licence of the description.	III	
			(c) In case of tourists as defined in section 10(1)(b) if the place of arrival of the tourists is:					
			(i) Jammu & Kash- mir	(i) State Govern- ment or an officer specially em- powered by the Government	(i) India or any specified part thereof.	No renewal	III.*	The licence shall be valid for a period of six months only and granted only for the purpose of sport and possession.
		•	(ii) Any other place in India.	(ii) Head of the Mission or Head of the Chancery in the country notified under section 10(1)(b) to which tourist belongs, or District Magistrate or any other officer specially empowered by Central Government.	(ii) India or any specified part thereof.	No renewal	III*	The licence shall be valid for a period of six months only and granted only for the pur- pose of sport and possession
		(d) I(b), I(c)	In case of retainers of exemp- tees.	Central Government in the Ministry of Home Affairs.	India or any specified part thereof.	State Govt, or any officer specially empowered by the State Govt. in this behalf.	III-A	
	,	(e) I(d), III, V, VI	In case of retainers of exemp- tees—					
			(i)Dis- trict	District Magistrate.	Throughout the district or his area of jurisdiction or any specified part of his jurisdiction.	•	III-A	
			(ii) State	District Magistrate.	Whole of the State or any specified part thereof.	District Magistrate.	III-A	
		•	(iii) Whole of India.	e State Government	Whole of India or any specified part thereof.	District Magistrate.	III-A	

(ii)in Schedule III --

(a) in Form III, for condition No. 4-A, the following condition shall be substituted, namely:—

"4-A A licensee having an arms licence valid throughout India, who carries the licensed weapon or weapons to any place outside the State where he normally resides, shall, within 48 hours of his arrival at such place, intimate in writing to

the officer in charge of the police station or the Superintendent of Police having jurisdiction over that place, the fact of his arrival at that place and the particulars of any such weapon."

(b) in Form-III-A, for condition No. 3-A, the following condition shall be substituted, namely:—

"3-AA licensee having an arms licence valid throughout India, who carries the licensed weapon or weapons to any place outside the state where he normally resides, shall, within 48 hours of his arrival at such place, intimate in writing to the officer in charge of the police station or the Superintendent of Police having jurisdiction over that place the fact of his arrival at that place and the particulars of any such weapon."

[No. V-11026/20/89-ARMS] A. K. VERMA, Jt. Secy.

FOOT Note:

The principal rules were notified vide G.S.R. No. 987 dated the 13th July, 1962 and were subsequently amended vide the following notifications: --

- 1. G.S.R. 326 dated 30-1-1963
- 2. G.S.R. 633 dated 23-4-1965
- 3. G.S.R. 1006 dated 16-7-1965
- 4. S.O. 1461 dated 22-4-1967
- 5. G.S.R. 266 dated 7-2-1969
- 6. G.S.R. 2475 dated 22-10-1969
- 7. G.S.R. 1689 dated 9-9-1970
- 8. G.S.R. 278 dated 17-2-1975
- 9. G. S. R. 733 dated 1-7-1975
- 10. G.S.R. 462(E) dated 11-8-1976
- 11. G.S.R. 1242 dated 11-8-1976
- 12. G.S.R. 695(E) dated 8-8-1987
- 13. G.S.R. 52(E) dated 24-1-1989.

Notification

10-6-1990/LA

The Reserve Bank of India (Amendment) Ordinance, 1990 (Ordinance No. 7 of 1990), which has been promulgated by the President of India and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 15th October, 1990, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 20th November, 1990.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 15th October, 1990 Asvina 23, 1912 (Saka)

THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA (AMENDMENT)
ORDINANCE, 1990

No. 7 of 1990

Promulgated by the President in the Forty-first Year of the Republic of India.

An Ordinance further to amend the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

Whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

Now, Therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

- 1. Short title and commencement. (1) This Ordinance may be called the Reserve Bank of India (Amendment) Ordinance, 1990.
 - (2) It shall come into force at once.
- 2. Amendment of section 33 of Act 2 of 1934. In the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, in section 33, in sub-section (4), for the figures and words "0.118489 grammes of fine gold per rupee", the words "a price not exceeding the international market price for the time being obtaining" shall be substituted.

R. VENKATARAMAN,

President.

V. S. RAMA DEVI, Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Notification

10-6-90/LA

The Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities (Amendment) Act, 1990 (Central Act 27 of 1990) which was passed by Parliament and assented to by the President of India on 13-9-1990 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 13-9-1990, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting). Panaji, 14th December, 1990.

The Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities (Amendment) Act, 1990

AN ACT

further to amend the Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Forty-first Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- 1. Short title and commencement. (1) This Act may be called the Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities (Amendment) Act, 1990.
- (2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 30th day of July, 1990.
- 2. Amendment of section 9 of Act 52 of 1974. In the Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in section 9, in sub-section (1), for the figures, letters and words "31st day of July, 1990", the figures, letters and words "31st day of July, 1993" shall be substituted.
- 3. Repeal and saving. (1) The Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smugggling Activities (Amendment) Ordinance, 1990, is hereby report of 1990.
- (2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the principal Act, as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the principal Act as amended by this Act.

Notification

10-6-1990/LA

The Constitution (Sixty-Seventh Amendment) Act, 1990 which was passed by Parliament and assented to by the President of India on 4-10-1990 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 4-10-1990, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting)

Panaji, 14th December, 1990.

The Constitution (Sixty-Seventh Amendment) Act, 1990

AN ACT

further to amend the Constitution of India.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Forty-first Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- 1. Short title. This Act may be called the Constitution (Sixty-seventh Amendment) Act, 1990.
- 2. Amendment of article 356.—In article 356 of the Constitution, in clause (4), in the third proviso, for the words "three years and six months", the words "four years" shall be substituted.

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